

THE INTELLIGENCER.

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-AT THE-

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The INTELLIGENCER.

WHEELING, MARCH 26, 1892.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL District Convention.

It is ordered that a District Convention of Republicans, and all others who favor the policy of Protection to American laborers, farmers and manufacturers and a sound currency, shall be held at Claraburg, May 6, 1892, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of choosing two delegates and two alternate delegates, to represent the First Congressional District in the National Republican Convention to be held in the City of Minneapolis, in the State of Minnesota, on the 7th day of June, 1892, for the purpose of nominating candidates for President and Vice-President, to be voted for at the next National election, and for transacting such other business as may be brought before said convention. The Executive Committee of each county is requested to take every step to have each county represented at said Convention. It is recommended that each county select one delegate for each one hundred (100) votes or fraction over fifty (50) cast therein for President Harrison in 1888.

W. E. STATHEIS, Chairman.
J. C. BRADY, Secretary.

THE approaching contest is rendered especially important by reason of the industrial and financial policies of the Government being at stake. The popular decision on these issues is of great moment and will be of far-reaching consequence.—James G. Blaine.

At It Again.

The Register sought to make a point on a part of Mr. A. W. Campbell's letter from Naples in which he had something to say about the Italian tariff. Sticking close to the text the INTELLIGENCER showed that Mr. Campbell knew exactly what he was talking about and the Register didn't know what it was ignorant of. Now that professional dodger tries to get away by telling a flat falsehood:

The INTELLIGENCER comes blustering out with the astonishing statement that Italy is not a protective tariff country!

Here is what the INTELLIGENCER did say and what the Register reproduces as sufficient for its own purposes:

It should be clear to an understanding man as the Register that the duties named by Mr. Campbell are levied, as he says they are, "for revenue only," for they are duties on commodities which the people of Italy consume as part of their daily fare, which they will have as long as they can buy anything, and which are not produced in Italy. Here all the conditions of a tariff for revenue only are met, and the duties are not "any material extent whatever protective."

It will be pertinent to republish what Mr. Campbell said:

And here, let me remark, that a high tariff, such as Italy has, need not be to any material extent whatever a protective tariff. Italy, you may well say, has "a tariff for revenue only," as for instance a tariff of 8 cents per pound on sugar, or 3 cents on coffee, and to be levied 9 cents on pepper, 35 cents per gallon on petroleum, etc., are oppressively levied, as you see, on popular necessities that she does not produce. The excuse for such exactions is, of course, her immense necessities growing out of her huge army and navy. It costs a population of thirty millions something to support an army of a quarter of a million on a peace footing, and to be the fourth naval power in Europe. And these people are poor.

Mr. Campbell was making his point on these duties in the Italian tariff which are laid for revenue only. He was not talking about the Italian duties which are laid for protection, with which he is perhaps not less conversant than the Register.

Nor did the INTELLIGENCER "make the astonishing statement that Italy is not a protective tariff country." Great Britain of all the nations is alone entitled to this distinction, and it is her example which the Register and its party want this country to follow.

Italy has high tariff duties levied for protection, but certainly duties on commodities not produced in Italy and which cannot be produced there are not protective and clearly are not intended to be. They are just what Mr. Campbell says they are, for revenue only, and as the people must and will have these commodities, the revenue comes.

It happens that every one of these commodities is admitted duty free into this country. Hence the marked difference between the Italian tariff system and our own, to which difference the INTELLIGENCER called attention, and a difference which the Register seems still unable to understand. In this revenue feature the Italian tariff closely resembles the British, under which a revenue of \$100,000,000 was raised last year on articles in common use by the people and which are not produced and cannot be produced in Great Britain; for example, tea, coffee and tobacco. We have never heard the customs duties of Great Britain spoken of as being levied on the line of protection.

For the Register to say that the protective feature of Italy's tariff "has brought its people to poverty, degradation and misery," is of course to say what cannot be proved. Many causes contribute to the impoverished condition of the Italian people. The purely revenue duties are an enormous burden, raising money but no home industries, and the money comes out of the pockets of the people, as all duties for revenue only must and do.

There is not free trade, as we have, among the various political subdivisions of the country. Communes levy imposts

on merchandise coming from other communes. Cities levy the octroi tax on commodities coming from outside. In these matters there is local option for local purposes.

There is a variety of peculiarly oppressive taxation on every day business which our people know nothing about. There is an income tax from which the earnings of the laborer do not escape. The common people are practically powerless to help themselves, for by reason of a property qualification in this land of universal poverty only about eight men out of a hundred of voting age have the right to vote, and the masses are too ignorant to know what is the matter with them.

An Italian writer, speaking of his country's fiscal policy, says "there is hardly an unwise, inhuman, unpopular, or even immoral tax to which the government has not been compelled to resort."

Small wonder that the Italians regard Italy as a good country to emigrate from. In the past eight months 30,000 of them came to this country, and the population is only 30,000,000. If they were fleeing from a protective tariff they would not have come here. How many went to other countries in the same period there is no record at hand to show.

It would be a still greater pleasure than it is to give the Register instruction on this and kindred topics if it had the capacity to learn or the decency to use fairly the little it does know.

About Monopolies.

The Italian monopolies are specially favored by the Italian government, just as our American monopolies are now favored by the government at Washington. The "protection" of the former is proportionately even greater than that of American monopolies. The people are literally ground to the earth, robbed and plundered to support the few—Register.

Does the Register know what the Italian monopolies are? They are tobacco and salt, the latter certainly necessary to life. The importation of both is prohibited. The government handles tobacco and salt for the money it can make out of them. The prohibition is purely for revenue. There is no protection about it. The "favored few" in this case represent the government in search of revenue.

We fear the esteemed and quite too credulous Register has had palmed off on it a comic opera version of the Italian tariff, or that it has not read understandingly.

If the Register has, as it says, taken a "most cursory glance at the Italian tariff schedules," we advise it hereafter to be less cursory, so that its party friends may have less occasion to curse it for making a booby of itself and giving them too much to explain.

Judge Goff on the Presidency.

If Judge Goff, being on the bench, had been let alone, he would not have felt obliged to say some things contained in our Washington special to-day. For this reason it is rather a good thing that he was misrepresented.

He knows of no movement in West Virginia likely to stand in the way of a Harrison delegation from this state; he expects to see Harrison nominated; he knows that McKinley is not in the field.

Judge Goff knows West Virginia politicians as well as anybody and he knows the sentiment of Republicans in this state. He is the ardent political admirer and warm personal friend of Governor McKinley.

The interview with Judge Goff may be accepted as settling the questions upon which it touches. They were pretty well settled before. The settlement has now the weight of very high authority.

This is Tear-Compelling.

Here is something just a little the saddest yet. After the frantic advice of the Register to dodge the silver question, three members of the West Virginia delegation, Messrs. Pendleton, Alderson and Capohart, voted with the free silver men against laying the bill on the table. Mr. Wilson voted to table. If the Register's aim was to put Mr. Pendleton in a deep and gloomy hole, its scheme has miscarried. Mr. Pendleton was nominated on a free silver platform and has been true to his pledge.

The Democrats who are afraid of free coinage united with the men of both parties who are opposed to it and put the thing to sleep for the present. But it may be revived at any time. There is no disguise of the intention to take up and pass the bill after the election, if not sooner. Perhaps they will be scared even more after the election than they are now.

What a talent the Register has for getting tariff issues from persons who are too modest to give their names for publication. We don't for a moment question that there are persons of a modesty so picturesquely extravagant, and we desire to compliment our neighbor on the ease with which it finds this kind of material and almost none other.

That must have been an inspiring sight in the house during the silver filibustering when the anti-free coinage Democrats huddled around ex-Czar Reed to get points for the parliamentary fight. Have those gentlemen forgotten that Mr. Reed is a revolutionist of a particularly sanguinary type?

SOME West Virginia Democrats think the Register would do better to treat the tariff question as it does the free silver coinage question—dodge it. There is something in this friendly suggestion.

It is very nice, of course, to let Mr. Cleveland into a Greek letter society, but what he would like to be let into is expressed in Roman characters, White House.

THE duel that didn't come off is keeping the Four Hundred of New York awake o' nights. Are you there, McAlister?

The Convincing Power of Truth.

WHEELING INTELLIGENCER.

The INTELLIGENCER has been giving its contemporary some blows during

the past week. The Register's policy is to misrepresent, and the way its statements have been shown up is a caution hereafter.

BREAKFAST BUDGET.

Right at Durango City, Mexico, is one of the most wonderful and extensive iron deposits of the world, the "Sierra Merceda," said to be almost a mountain of iron. The ore of this famous mountain is said to be magnetic (magnetite) and absolutely free from phosphorus, and hence especially adapted to steel manufacture by the Bessemer process. This property is now owned by a United States corporation.

The elephant at the Paris museum suffers from toothache, and one of its teeth recently had to be stopped. The sagacious creature endured the operation of filling and boring with great patience only rapidly waving its trunk when the pain was violent. When all was over it showed its gratitude by caressing Mr. Sauvresse with the fingerlike extremity of its proboscis.

A counterfeit silver dollar has appeared which has the full weight of silver in it. The counterfeiters rely upon the government's seigniorage for their profit—they buy 70 cents worth of silver and make it into a dollar, exchangeable for a 100-cent gold dollar, thus clearing about 30 cents, less the cost of coinage.

Joseph Medill, the veteran editor of the Chicago Tribune, has endowed several beds in Paris hospitals for the use of Americans. This generous act is done in memory of his daughter, Miss Josephine Medill, whose sad death in Paris occurred early last January.

A letter was recently received at the postoffice at Washington from the Italian director of posts inclosing a \$50 confederate note, and asking if it was still valid, that it be redeemed and the value transmitted to him by a money order.

It is said that the Rhode Island Republicans have begun their campaign by hiring all the halls in Woonsocket until after election, so that the Democrats will have no place to hold mass meetings.

The costliest pocket knife made is sold for \$25. Its handle is of solid gold and it contains two small blades only; a nail file and a miniature pair of scissors.

Cameron, Mo., has a \$125 damage suit brought by Knox Bros., to recover the value of a mule killed on the Fourth of July by being hit by a sky-rocket.

Two ducal palaces in London are said to be in the market, one of which, Devonshire house in Piccadilly, stands on land that is alone worth £1,000,000.

John Connell, of Elizabethtown, has sued the Tidewater Oil company for \$15,000 in the New Jersey supreme court for the loss of an eye on December 3.

The lowest temperature ever registered by the thermometer in England was at Kelsio in 1879, when the mercury fell to 16 below zero.

"How may the grip be a blessing?" asked a Sunday school teacher of a bright boy. "By not having it," was the prompt reply.

ODDS AND ENDS.

A novel feature was introduced at an entertainment given recently by Mrs. Astor. It consisted of the turning loose of a lot of automatic toys—tin automatons, papier mache roosters, tin toads and other animals—which were wound up and then set going by the gentlemen of the party. Each man closely followed the progress of the animal which he had wound up, and selected as his partner the young woman before whom it paused.

Elijah Davidson, who went to Oregon in 1850, was the father of twelve children, six boys and six girls. The first child born to Mr. and Mrs. Davidson had red hair, the next one black hair, the next one red hair again, and so on alternating red and black through the whole twelve, no two in succession having hair of the same color.

Ex-Alderman Farley, of New York, is a walking bank of deposit. Before his friends start out for liquid delights they leave their surplus cash with Farley. He keeps a note book account of all deposits, and often has \$4,000 of other men's money in his pockets.

Farmington (Me.) Chronicle: A smart old lady of our village in her seventy-fifth year, spun five skeins of yarn one morning this week, and then went out sliding with her grandson in the afternoon.

A respected citizen who died lately in a Missouri county was called "Uncle Muddy" and the Belton (Mo.) Leader is rejoiced that "Uncle Bug" Calvert is able to be out again.

Mrs. Theresa Morris, a Chicago woman, the mother of twenty-one children, is seeking a divorce from her husband on the ground of cruelty.

An Atebison religious woman recently entertained a guest who was visiting her by giving a prayer meeting in her honor.—Atebison Globe.

A Kansas authority has decided that it is a breach of politeness for a swell to offer to take a red-headed girl out riding behind a white horse.

MORNING SMILES.

Mrs. Olden—"Yes, indeed, children are a great trial. You love your little Mamie here, and think you couldn't do without her. But if you had never had her, you wouldn't know the difference." Little Mamie (with startling emphasis)—"Well, I guess I'd know the difference!"—Pharmaceutical Era.

"I suppose," he said, "that proverb, 'people who live in glass houses shouldn't throw stones,' applies especially to women." "Why?" she asked. "Miss Baux," he responded, "it is evident that you never saw a woman trying to throw stones."—Washington Star.

"You are probably not aware, sir," said the angry father, "that last year my daughter spent \$1,500 on her dress." "Yes, I am," said the young man, firmly. "I advised her to do it over a year ago when we first became engaged."—Cleveland Review.

Eph—"Massa Charles, Massa Charles! I can't git dese spots outen dese pants dis morn' nohow." Massa Charles (sleepily)—"Have you tried ammonia?" Eph—"No, sah, not yet. But I knows dey'll fit me."—Judge.

Miss Elder—"But haven't you some relatives who would lend you money in this emergency?" Ask—"I have only an uncle, and he always asks collateral security."—Truth.

"You say you're a veteran from Georgia?" "I have that honor, sir." "What regiment?" "No regiment at all, sir—just a natural-born colonel!"—Atlanta Constitution.

She—"My darling, I have a terrible piece of news for you. Papa has lost everything." He (rising to go)—"Oh, no, he hasn't. He still has you."—Truth.

Shopper—"Are those last colors?" Clerk—"Well, I should say so much! You just wash it once, and see how they'll run."—London Courier.

Kitty—"I wonder how Venus lost her arms?" Oh, she was all broken up on Adonis, you know."—Puck.

In giving the devil his due you are liable to give yourself away.—Atebison Globe.

Ir out of order, use Beecham's Pills.

ELKINS FOR GOVERNOR.

A Wheeling Republican Who Says He is the Man and Will Accept.

To the Editor of the INTELLIGENCER:
SIR:—It will not do for the Republican party of this state to make any mistake in selecting their ticket for the coming campaign. There is no concealing the fact that West Virginia is a very doubtful state. The two great parties are so evenly balanced, that the party which succeeds in placing before the people a strong ticket will start in the campaign with one strong point in their favor.

Therefore, we should be very careful and exercise good judgment in making all our nominations for state officers. The nominee for governor must be a man who will unite every element of strength in the party.

Quite a number of gentlemen have been named for the office of governor, men who have the ability to fill the office with honor to the state and to themselves.

Among that number of able statesmen I find the name of Stephen B. Elkins, a man who is the peer of any man in the state, and in placing his name at the head of our ticket it would make success doubly sure. It would be impossible for the Democrats to beat him. His nomination would create such a mighty wave of enthusiasm among Republicans that they would be irresistible.

Give us Elkins and the people will make his majority so large that there will not be any more counting out and defrauding the will of the voters as was done in 1888.

While Mr. Elkins is not seeking the nomination, I am sure he will accept it if tendered him.

Benwood City Election.

To the Editor of the INTELLIGENCER:

SIR:—To the citizens of Benwood we wish to say that we will in a few days be called upon to select the officials who will direct our city affairs for the next two years, and we venture to ask if it would be best for us to again place in power an administration that has stubbornly closed its eyes to the most flagrant violations of law and has brought our city into unenviable notoriety. Saloons are permitted to carry on business on Sunday almost openly, and since the Sunday closing movement has been inaugurated in Wheeling, Benwood has become the objective point of the worst class of citizens of that city on Sunday.

In going to and from church we must pass through a crowd gathered in front of almost every saloon.

Gambling has been permitted to be carried on without hindrance, and not many months past wheels of fortune were allowed to be operated almost publicly.

Saloon licenses have been granted to undesirable and totally irresponsible persons and the bonds required have been mere forms.

It is no excuse for this neglect of duty for an official to say that no formal complaints have been made, for officials are chosen and paid for the purpose of enforcing the law, and as the agents of the people are expected to guard the interests of every citizen, and to avoid the discharge of a plain duty is either the result of gross stupidity or criminal neglect.

The present state of affairs calls loudly for reform, and this reform we surely cannot expect if we go to the polls and by our votes endorse an administration that, after two years trial, has been found lacking in every element that constitutes good and efficient government.

RIVERSIDE.

Benwood, March 24, 1892.

A Ticket Suggested.

To the Editor of the INTELLIGENCER.

SIR:—Here is a ticket that will win: For governor, S. B. Elkins; for attorney general, George W. Atkinson; for auditor, "Fud" McGinnis; for supreme judge, James A. Brown; for treasurer, Eugene Campbell.

Yours for Republicanism,
BUCKEHEAT.

Your Blood

Undoubtedly needs a thorough cleansing this season to expel impurities, keep up the health-tone and prevent disease. You should take Hood's Sarsaparilla, the best blood purifier and system tonic. It is unequalled in positive medicinal merit.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable perfectly harmless, effective, but do not cause pain or gripe. Be sure to get Hood's.

L. S. Goonsells dry goods the cheapest.

AT BEDTIME I TAKE A PLEASANT LAXATIVE
THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.
My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as a daily tonic. It is called
LANE'S MEDICINE
All druggists sell it at 50c and 1.00 per package. Buy one today. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy, this is necessary.

EASTWARD HO!

WESTWARD GO!

EMPLOYES ON THE B. & O.

Do not let the Watch Trust force 15 Jewel Nickel Watches on you. You as mechanics know Nickel and Steel to be, no matter how well oiled, bad bearings.

These Watches will stop on you, as the Center is not jewelled. Dueber-Hampden 17 Ruby Jewelled Watches are used almost exclusively on the Lake Shore, Big Four and Pennsylvania Railroads, and if a standard is necessary why not have it high?

We are looking to your interest and want you to buy a Watch but once.

The Denber-Hampden WATCH WORKS,

1629 was Canton, Ohio.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, at No. 70 Indiana street, near the creek.
DUMP FOR TEAMSTERS—HOLE east end of Fourteenth street, near the creek.
VERY DESIRABLE MARTIN'S FERRY property for sale. Address Lock Box 237, Martin's Ferry, Ohio. fe23-aru

FOR RENT—THE THREE-STORY house, No. 1314 Main street. W. J. W. COWDEN. m21

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR general housework. Natural gas fires. Mrs. JOHN W. KENNE, 71 Nineteenth street. m21

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN WHO has some knowledge of dressing hair. Giving experience and references. Address "MILLER" this office. m21

FOR RENT—DESK ROOM IN office No. 4, No. 1318 Market street. Apply to C. W. CONNELL, at office of Wheeling Ice and Storage Co. m21

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. The pastor, Rev. D. A. Cunningham, D. D., will preach at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Reception of new members and communion in the morning. m21

FOURTH STREET M. E. CHURCH. Preaching Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., by the pastor, Rev. A. B. Riker, D. D. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Epworth League, Monday at 7:45 p. m. m21

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED salesman in the crockery and glassware business, to travel in West Virginia and Ohio. Apply, with references, to J. L. ELDRED & CO., Baltimore, Md. m21

WANTED—YOUNG MAN AS stenographer and to assist in general office work. Remington machine used in office. Must have good recommendations. Address "J. C." care of INTELLIGENCER. m21

FOR SALE—ONE EXCELSIOR COFFEE GRINDER No. 20, coffee roaster and water heater, all in good condition. Will sell at a great bargain. Apply to C. W. CONNELL, at office of Wheeling Ice and Storage Co. m21

ARRIVED—PROF. LEREE, MEDICUM and Phrenologist. Tells facts, faults and qualities, reveals mysteries, breaks evil influences, causes happy and happy marriages, gives full names of the one you'll marry, want business to follow to make a success. Rooms corner market and Eleventh streets. Side entrance on Eleventh street. Terms reasonable. m21

If You Want Something Good and Cheap in DINNER WARE!—TRY—EWING BROS. m21

THE WHEELING PUBLIC LIBRARY. Will be closed from March 28 to March 30 inclusive, for the purpose of taking annual inventory of books, etc. On March 31 and April 1 and 2 the Library will be open for reading, but no books can be taken out on these days. All books (no matter when taken out) must be returned on or before March 25. m21-3-24

FOR SALE. As agent, I have for sale the lot and buildings, No. 1311, fronting 22 feet on the west side of Market street, in the City of Wheeling, and extending back 127 feet to the alley in the rear. It is the property now occupied by Conrad Aul, and must be sold. I will rent said property from the first of April, 1892, by the month until the same is sold. Call upon me at 1109 Main street, Wheeling, W. Va. m21

W. B. SIMPSON, 1409 Main Street.

The Akron Air Blast Furnace. Starts the fire upside down; avoids puffing and explosions; burns the gases and most of the counter; has a check valve of the nature of a kind of fuel without changing the furnace; burns all the fuel and only leaves a small amount of ashes. Made in all sizes to heat large or small buildings. References—J. F. Seaton & Co., Tobacco Factory; George W. Eckhart, Cashier People's Bank, residence, Call and examine. fe23-aru

K. HOGG, 1113 Market Street.

CHOICE CREAMERY BUTTER. CHOICE ILLINOIS CREAMERY BUTTER.—AT—H. F. BEHRENS', 2217 Market Street. m21

It is DELICIOUS.

Wheeling Business College! THE OLD RELIABLE.

A Live, Progressive, Thorough School! Business, English, Short-Hand, Typewriting. For beautiful Catalogue, address as above. m21

LENTEEN GOODS. SMOKED STURGEON. SMOKED LAKE TROUT. NEW MACKEREL. YARMOUTH BLOATERS.

O. E. MURRAY & CO., 1306 Market Street.

ALBALINEN Is a WHITING PAPER for those who want a Good Article and lots of it for a Small Money Consideration. It comes either in

Two Sizes, Octavo or Commercial Note, or in 1 QUIRE (24 SHEETS) and 1 PACK ENVELOPES. Octavo, 20c. Commercial, 25c.

Envelopes, Square or Long, to match, at 10c per pack, in 1/2 or 1/4 thousand boxes. Try it.

STANTON & DAVENPORT, Old City Book Store. m21

LIST OF LETTERS Remaining in the Postoffice at Wheeling, Ohio county, W. Va., Saturday, March 26, 1892. To obtain any of the following the applicant must ask for advertised letters, giving date of list:

LADIES' LIST. Burton, Miss Ada. Clow, Mrs. Jennie. Eisenhart, Miss Bettie. Hollen, Mrs. Lottie. McVey, Mary (M.).

McConaughy, Mrs. Flo. Newman, Mrs. H. Morris, William. Ogilvie, Alexander. Ramsay, Edith (L.). Stone, William A. Whitte, C. O. Willard, Frank.

W. J. W. COWDEN, P. M.

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